

MT. STERLING ADVOCATE.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOL. II.

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1891.

NO. 8

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Column	Single
One Year	10.00	8.00	6.00	4.00	2.00	1.00
6 Months	6.00	4.00	3.00	2.00	1.00	.50
3 Months	3.00	2.00	1.50	1.00	.50	.25
Two Months	2.00	1.50	1.00	.75	.35	.15
One Month	1.00	.75	.50	.35	.15	.05
Single Insertion	.10	.08	.05	.03	.01	.005

COURT DIRECTORY.

Circuit Court.
Judge John R. Coughlin, Third Monday in May and the Fourth Monday in November.
Court of Common Pleas.
Judge T. J. Scott, Third Monday in September and March.
Montgomery Quarterly Court.
Judge Lewis Apperson, Third Monday after Third Monday in January, April, July and October.
County Court.
Third Monday of each month.
MT. STERLING CITY COURT—CIVIL BRANCH.
Judge J. W. Groves, First Saturday in each month.

PROFESSIONAL.

T. J. ARNETT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Salyersville, Ky.
Will practice in the Courts of Kentucky.

J. CLYDE NELSON,
Attorney-at-Law,
Sharpsburg, Ky.
Practice in the Courts of Bath and surrounding counties.

AS. R. DUERSON,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office, Main St., over Voss & Clayton's store.
Residence, corner of Clay and Mayville streets.

S. KING FORD, (of Mt. Sterling, Ky.)
Represents
MACK, STADLER & CO.,
WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS,
CINCINNATI, O.

A. A. HAZELRIGG,
Attorney-at-law & City Atty.,
Office, Court Street,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

JUDGE AMOS DAVIS,
WITH
REYMAN BROS. & CO.,
Manufacturers of CLOTHING,
66 West Pearl St., Cincinnati, O.

M. S. TYLER,
Attorney-at-law,
Office, Court Street,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

TYLER & APPERSON,
Attorneys-at-law,
Office, Court Street,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

ES. B. ASSIDY,
Attorney-at-law,
Office, 5 Court Street, upstairs. Will attend promptly to any business entrusted to his care.

JOHN M. ELLIOTT,
Attorney-at-law,
Office in Fizer Block,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

WHITE & BROOKS,
Attorneys-at-law,
Office, Court Street,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Will practice in the counties of Montgomery, Bath, Menifee, Powell, Clark and Bourbon, and in the Superior and Appellate Courts. Office in Caldwell building.

W. A. DEHAVEN,
Attorney-at-law,
Office, Court Street. Will practice in all Courts of the Commonwealth.

L. STONE,
Attorney-at-law,
Corner 5th and Court Place. Telephone 1285-Ring 2.

D. D. L. PROCTOR,
Dentist,
Office over Mt. Sterling National Bank.

N. COX, M. D.,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.
Office over Exchange Bank. Residence, corner 4th and Queen streets.

J. H. HAZELRIGG,
Attorney-at-law,
Office, Court Street,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Collections promptly attended to.

DR. HOWARD VAN ANTWERP,
Dentist,
Office with Dr. Wm. Van Antwerp, short street opposite the court house.

R. H. HAYDON, M. D.,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.
Office over Queen's store with Dr. Guerrant.

DR. W. C. SHANKLAND,
Dentist,
Office, No. 6 West Main St., upstairs.

M. O. CHENAULT,
Attorney-at-law & Master Commissioner,
Office No. 7 Court Street, up stairs.

J. S. HUNT
Attorney-at-law,
Office in Fizer Block, up stairs with J. M. Elliott. Having recently removed from Owensville to be located in the city of Mt. Sterling, will practice in the courts of Montgomery, Bath and adjoining counties, and in the Superior Court, Court of Appeals and Federal Circuit of Kentucky. Prompt and careful attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

J. A. RAMSEY,
AUCTIONEER,
Winchester, Ky.

Offers his services to the people of Montgomery and adjoining counties. Best of references given on application. Charges reasonable. Will be in Mt. Sterling on Court days.
24-17.

Coal Coal! Coal!

CALL ON

CASSIDY & SMITH

—For all kinds of—

KENTUCKY AND VIRGINIA COAL.

*** Cheap! ***

Aug. 12-17

W. T. TYLER, E. F. ROBERTSON,

MANAGERS

STAR

Planing Mill Co.

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

Rough & Dressed LUMBER,

White Pine and Poplar Singles,
Doors of all Sizes,
Sash—Glazed and Unglazed,
Window and Door Frames,
Moulding and Brackets of all kinds,
Verandas of every Description.
Star Planing Mill Company.
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Barnes & Trumbo

—DEALERS IN—

All Kinds of Virginia and Kentucky Coal.

Also Blacksmith and Anthracite Coal. All Coal sold 72 lbs. per bushel. Highest cash price paid for Wheat. Also, Wheat, Corn, Oats and Hay, wholesale and retail.

*** J. O. MILER ***
(SUCCESSOR TO)
—Miller & Wilson, —

INSURANCE

AND

Real Estate.

LOWEST RATES,
CHOICEST COMPARISON,
PROMPT SETTLEMENTS
Of Any And All Agencies.

Josiah Lindsay,

—AGENT ON —

C. & O. RAILROAD,

West depot,

Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Manufacturer and dealer in Tobacco Hogsheads, Rough Lumber and Lake Ice. We make our business, which is booming, by doing the best work and offering Rough Lumber at special prices which are never met. We also do custom sawing.

W. H. FLETCHER,

AUCTIONEER,

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY.

Offers his services to the people of Montgomery and adjoining counties. Prompt attention given to all sales of Personal Property and Real Estate. Terms Reasonable.
24-17.

JACK STEWART,

AUCTIONEER,

LEXINGTON, KY.

Prompt attention given to all sales entrusted to his care. Leave orders at this office, or address him care of Clarendon Hotel, Lexington, Ky.
18-17.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

Dom Pedro, the ex-emperor of Brazil, has not left his rooms at Vichy for some weeks. The chronic heart-disease from which he suffers is now complicated by a state of profound melancholia, from which it is impossible to arouse him.

All England is stirred by a decision of court that a parlor-maid cannot be compelled by her employer to wear a cap. The story papers defend the employer, while liberal papers uphold the decision, urging that the wearing of the cap was demanded as a badge of social inferiority.

A new method of obtaining a light has just been patented in England. Instead of the old-fashioned safety-match, the stick is tipped at both ends, one end with the usual composition and the other with that found on the scratcher outside the box. Light is obtained by breaking the match in the middle and rubbing the two ends together.

The improvement of firearms may yet bring about a partial return to body armor. It has leaked out that the French and the German military authorities are experimenting with shields for foot soldiers and screens for large masses of men. The French shield is said to contain ninety parts of copper and ten of aluminum to possess three times the power of resisting bullets.

At the time of the Park Place, New York disaster, Sherman Cummings, a compositor, disappeared, and was thought to be one of the victims in the restaurant. His wife found his body, as she supposed, had it buried, and as widow received \$100 from the relief fund. She has just got news from him that he is in Halifax and is coming home. He went on a spree the day of the disaster and shipped on a vessel to the Provinces, not knowing what he was doing.

Charles Terront has just ridden his bicycle from Paris to Brest and return, 474 miles, in 71½ hours. He slept none during the time, and his only refreshment was a few cups of bouillon. When he got back from his long ride he looked more like a corpse than a living man, being covered with a thick coating of dust, face like marble, cheeks hollow, back bent and neck sunk into his shoulders. He hardly looked human, and was scarcely able to speak.

The Marquis de Chambrun, legal adviser of the French government in this country, died last Sunday in New York. His wife, who is a granddaughter of Lafayette, did her best to come from Paris to New York in season to see him alive, but arrived just half-an-hour after he expired. She was delayed by inability to get passage on steamers that were crowded with returning Americans. She offered a thousand dollars bonus for a place in the steerage of the steamship Gallia, and was refused.

St. John, N. B., can claim the youngest inventor in the world. Donald Murray Murphy, aged six years, has invented a new toy, which he calls the "Manodritta." Patents were applied for in Canada and the United States, and lately the patent papers were received from Canada. The toy is designed as a substitute for the "bones." The affair is very simple in construction and can be manipulated by any person, large or small. Mr. Murphy has entered into an arrangement with a New York firm to make it and place it on the market, both in Europe and this side of the Atlantic, and of course he will receive a royalty on all toys sold.

While we in America are just beginning to make vigorous attempt against the needless, wanton and wholesale destructions of our forests, many of the European nations have already taken stringent measures to preserve theirs. In Germany, for example, all the forests are guarded by State officers; the underbrush is kept cleared away to prevent fires, the cutting of timber is restricted to a limited number of mature trees to the acre; and no timber, except a little oak of specially beautiful grain, is sent out of the country; while the

United States, out of a smaller reserve, exports timber to the value of more than five hundred thousand dollars a week.

The Bowdoin College expedition to Labrador has added an interesting item to the little that has been known hitherto about that inhospitable region. Two of the party, Messrs. Cary and Cole, ascended the Green River 300 miles, encountering immense difficulties and great danger. Two of the men who started with them, Mr. Young, having injured his arm. The New York Herald gives the following report of their adventures:

They found the falls to be much farther than they expected, and on August 13, after a three days' tramp, their labors were rewarded by a deafening roar in the distance. Their provisions were now nearly gone, stores having been cached on the way up, but they pushed resolutely on to the height of the Labrador plateau, called "The Height of Land." It is this plateau which is the source of the stream, and the descent of the River to the sea forms the falls and the rapids. As they neared the falls a truly magnificent sight was spread out before them. The spray which was visible twenty miles, rose in a cloud from the descent of the water, and the solid rock beneath their feet trembled perceptibly. From the falls the water flows through a canyon formed of archaic rock, the sides of which rise to a height of 500 feet, and heavily wooded at the top. Through this canyon, which they named Bowdoin Canyon, the water flows with terrific force, making it absolutely impossible for any boat to live in the rapids. The height of the falls has been greatly exaggerated, and while presenting a grand and beautiful sight measure only 200 feet in a perpendicular fall, the rapids leading to this fall increasing the total attitude of the falls to 500 feet. Above the falls the average width of the river is 500 yards, narrowing until it reaches the falls to a width of only 50 yards, when it plunges with a terrific roar over the rapids and falls and falls into the narrow gorge below with great velocity. Mr. Cole descended to the foot of the falls and succeeded in obtaining some good photographs of them. Having completed the observations of the falls, they kept on a few miles above to the Height of Land, where, from a peak named by them, Mount Hyde-Bowdoin, they had a fine prospect of the surrounding country.

The plateau is nearly all wooded with a thick though not large growth of soft timber. At this point, their provisions being all but gone, they set out for a return. On reaching the point where they left their boat, they found that the camp fire which they had built had consumed their boat, and with it their whole stock of provisions, a gun and an oxcart. Their position was now somewhat critical. Three hundred of a river herefore unexplored, with no boat, no help and provisions until they should reach their first cache, the outlook was one to dismay all but the stoutest heart. They set bravely to work, however, and, with a small hatchet for their only implement, constructed a small raft, binding the logs together with spruce roots. On rafts made in this way they traversed the three hundred odd miles to the mouth of the river, enduring the greatest hardships. Their only weapon was a small revolver, with which they shot a few squirrels, making a meal on one such animal. On the way down five different rafts were constructed, the making of which in their wasted condition consumed a great amount of time and energy. They reached the vessel September 1, receiving a royal welcome from their friends.

The falls which they have discovered are reported to have been seen by two employees of the Hudson Bay Company, but no authentic account of any such discovery has been given. The successful result of the expedition is due wholly to the heroic efforts of Messrs. Cary and Cole, and Bowdoin college may well be congratulated by her sister colleges for the addition which she has made to the heretofore scant knowledge of the geography of

Labrador. The expedition will proceed northward to Hopedale, a small Esquimaux town, where a Moravian village has been established. It will then proceed to Nain, a small fishing village. This village it is proposed to make the headquarters of the investigating operations, for which extensive arrangements have been made. The work will be carried on the supervision of Prof. L. A. Lee, an instructor of biology at the college.

A Burial at Sea.

"I have just returned from the other side," says a writer in the St. Louis Democrat. "There was an event aboard the boat that showed me that the old style of solemnity and pathos over a death and burial at sea was out of date, like a great many other things that the poets used to cry over. It was the Fourth of July, and we were five days out. The Americans had planned a fitting celebration of their great day, and carried it through with a vim that made the Britishers' hair rise. A group of young people forward were chatting and laughing. One of the young ladies happened to glance over and down into the steerage. She saw a long bundle of something going over the side, and a group of the steerage people around. 'Oh! what's that?' she said in a frightened tone. She had read of shipwreck and storm, and had heard that they always began throwing the cargo overboard when the vessel was sinking to lighten it. She was instantly convinced that the cargo was going and we were settling to the bottom. The group looked over. 'Oh, Miss! a deck-hand said to her, 'they are only bearyin' a chap that died last night. He was goin' home with his family and a little pile he'd made in Nevaddy. His family's all right. They can use it.' The ripples in the water that closed over the body had disappeared, and the steerage passengers were all smoking and yawning together, seeming to be relieved that a momentary cloud had vanished from the horizon. The group forward were the only ones of the saloon passengers who knew anything of it. Festivities were not interrupted. The poor fellow was tucked away in Davy Jones' locker neatly and quietly."

Water as an Anæsthetic.

A Berlin dispatch to the New York Herald says: "A rather remarkable discovery has just been made by Dr. C. L. Seich, of this city. He was conducting experiments with a view to determining how weak a solution of cocaine would prove efficacious as a local anæsthetic in minor surgical operations, when he stumbled upon the fact that simple water injected under the skin with a syringe renders the flesh at that point insensible to pain. The effect of the water is to create a slight swelling resembling that caused by the sting of a gnat. The space marked by the swelling remains insensible to pain some minutes, so that the incision can be made without causing the slightest pain. The method of procedure is very simple. The skin at the point where the injection is to be made is first made perfectly aseptic, then the point of a Pravaz syringe filled with distilled water is inserted. The syringe is slowly emptied and a white blister appears similar to that caused by a gnat's sting. The size of the swelling will depend upon the amount of water used. A half minute after the syringe is withdrawn, the space distinctly marked by the blister is insensible and can be cut without causing pain. The pain caused by the insertion of the syringe can be allayed at once by spraying with ether. To what extent this novel discovery will prove of practical worth in surgery cannot yet be determined."

The census report on the mortgaged indebtedness of Tennessee, based upon a total debt of \$40,421,396, shows that 12 per cent. of the State, outside of cities and towns, is mortgaged for 50 per cent. of its real value. Probably no other State will show a larger debt on city and village lots than Tennessee. Sixty-seven per cent. of the debt is in counties containing the of Nashville, Memphis, Chattanooga and Knoxville.

AT COST!

My entire stock of

FURNITURE.

I find that I am compelled to close out this line to give me room for my big line of Holiday Goods that I have bought, which is much larger than I have ever bought before. This is no sham, but a genuine cost sale, so if you need anything for a year to come, it will pay you to buy now. I will quote you a few prices:

Penitentiary Chairs, \$3.50 set, former price, \$4.50; Woven Wire Springs with three rows of Coil Wire springs through the center, \$3.25, former price, \$3.25; good Cotton Top Mattress, \$2.25, former price, \$3.50; 3 piece Chamber Set, \$14.50, former price, \$19.00; 3 piece Chamber Set, \$27.50, former price, \$37.50; Large Sofa, \$3.70, former price \$5.00; fine Silk Plush Rockers, \$8.05, former price, \$11.00; Bed Lounges, Carpet Brussels, \$7.50, former price, \$10.50; Bed Lounges, Plush, Extra Large, \$11.75, former price, \$15.50; 7 piece Mohair Parlor Set, \$21.00, former price, \$30.00; fine marble top Hat Tress, \$6.50, former price, \$9.50; Center Tables, \$1.25, former price, \$2.00.

Now come at once and get your pick. We have a good selection, but it will soon be broken, for I am bound to close out this line inside of the next thirty days.

Now we have

PILES OF NEW GOODS

In all our other lines, and at way down prices.

Heating Stoves, Cook Stoves, Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, nicest line of Lamps I have ever had in the house.

We have lots of new Underwear, Hosiery, etc., at such prices that they are bound to sell.

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Saxony Yarns, Tinware, Hardware, Window Blinds, Rugs, Floor and Table Oil Cloths, Window Poles, Extension Brackets, etc.

Now come at once and examine our Furniture and many other lines. No trouble to show goods.

Respectfully Yours,

ENOCH'S Bargain House.

RESE BUILDING,

Mt. Sterling, Kentucky.

Price of Tea.

The cost of common tea is about three cents per pound. The cost of manufacture, export duty, packing, etc., is about double the price; so that the cost on board ship amounts to about five and a half cents per pound. About three or four hundred pounds of brick tea go to a "basket," made of light bamboo. Two baskets form a camel-load. Brick tea is in bulk about one-sixth of ordinary tea. In Mongolia, where the nomad population of herdsmen have little use for money, their tents, clothing, food and temples being supplied by their flocks, brick tea forms a standard of value and a convenient medium of exchange, as it is in universal demand for food. A brick, or half a brick, of tea is placed in a copper vessel and boiled up with mutton fat and butter, and the food is eaten hot in a liquid condition. Lately a new commodity has come on the Hankow market, to which the customs give the name of log tea. It is an inferior tea, with stalks, packed in the shape of logs, which weigh from eight to eighty pounds each. The tea is wrapped in the leaves of the Bambusa latifolia, and then reduced in bulk by binding round the log with lengths of split bamboo. This log tea is sent to the Chinese ports for consumption, and is packed thus from motives of economy, both of packing and of freight.—(N. Y. Ledger.)

W. C. Boyd is a Segunaw citizen who owns a \$2,000 imported German shepherd dog, said to be the finest specimen of its breed in America.